

CZECHS ATTACKING HUNGARIAN CITY

Fall of Waitzen, Twenty Miles From Budapest, Is Expected Soon

FRENCH HELP RUMANIANS

By the Associated Press
 Geneva, April 24 (delayed).—Czech-Slovak forces have attacked the city of Waitzen, twenty miles northeast of Budapest, which is expected to fall soon.

French troops are said to be aiding the Rumanians in their advance in eastern Hungary, according to advices received here from Vienna.

The Rumanian army in its new offensive against Hungary quickly occupied Grosswardein, capital of the province of Bihar, says the Rumanian bureau at Berne. Hungarian Red Guards fled from the city in disorder and large quantities of booty were captured.

It is officially announced at Budapest that the Rumanians continue to advance toward the Theiss river and that the Hungarians have been forced to evacuate Debreczen, thirty-six miles northwest of Grosswardein.

Thousands of people are leaving Budapest on foot and carrying their baggage as there is no railway service. Five thousand women at Budapest have met and protested against the Soviet government and Bolshevism.

Berlin, April 24 (delayed).—(By A. P.)—The "Lokal Anzeiger," Vienna correspondent, says the Hungarian Soviet Government requested the Entente mission, through a Hungarian diplomat in Vienna, to send delegates to Budapest to negotiate an armistice with the Rumanians.

"Colonel Cunningham, representing the Allies, after communicating with Paris," says the newspaper, "and the Hungarian Government informed that the Entente was ready to conclude an armistice and immediately suspend the advance of its troops if the Soviet government would abdicate and a new cabinet representative of all the bourgeois parties was formed and all the devices of the Soviet government were withdrawn."

Hungary has heretofore closed all her borders in an effort to control the Rumanian invasion and prevent unfavorable news from escaping from the country. Reports from Budapest therefore are contradictory, but all indicate the situation is grave.

The days of the Soviet government are perhaps numbered. The Entente powers are said to have 60,000 colonial troops in Neusatz, which are advancing as a Rumanian reserve. The Czechs are believed to be preparing to attack. The people of Transylvania have revolted and are advancing with the Rumanians because of the Agrarian measures imposed by the Soviet regime.

A pair is said to reign in Budapest where the communist authorities are reported to be ruthlessly arresting scores of the bourgeoisie. Thousands of the citizens are fleeing.

HALLER HELPED WIN VILNA

Polish Units From France Aided in Defeating Bolsheviki

Geneva, April 25.—(By A. P.)—The Polish agency at Lausanne states that some units of General Haller's army, which left France last week for Poland by the way of Germany, participated in the capture of Vilna by Polish troops from the Bolsheviki.

ALMOST 400 MILLION VICTORY TOTAL NOW

New York in Lead With \$124,000,000—Navy Going Strong

Washington, April 25.—Nearly \$150,000,000 additional Victory Loan subscriptions were reported to national loan headquarters last night and raised the total pledged so far to approximately \$400,000,000.

The exact total was \$306,400,000 and was distributed among the twelve districts as follows: Boston, \$61,047,050; New York, \$124,000,000; Philadelphia, \$26,422,100; Cleveland, \$27,835,200; Richmond, \$18,359,000; Atlanta, \$1,601,700; Chicago, \$64,028,050; St. Louis, \$40,918,100; Minneapolis, \$12,138,100; Kansas City, \$9,027,450; Dallas, \$1,737,650, and San Francisco, \$7,181,150.

Reports from naval stations and ships all over the world poured into the office of Read Admiral Cowie, navy Victory Loan officer, today. These show that the navy subscription is approximately \$3,500,000. This is more than the entire navy subscribed to the first Liberty Loan.

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HOG ISLAND WORK TO END

Shipbuilding Ceases September 1, 1920, Says Piez—Favors Terminal Hog Island, the largest shipyard in the world, will stop building ships in September, 1920, according to Director General Piez, of the Emergency Fleet Corporation.

The conversion of the shipbuilding plant into a huge terminal, to be owned either by the city or the state, was favored by Mr. Piez. He said Hog Island was the only shipyard on the Atlantic coast that possessed the facilities for a large terminal.

"Hog Island will not continue as a producing shipyard after the expiration of the present contract," he said.

The original contract called for 180 ships, which has been reduced to 145 by recent cancellations. Mr. Piez stated that several small cancellations are contemplated. The contract is expected to be completed September, 1920.

ELDER OF SHAKERS DIES

Joseph Holden, 82, Always Lived in Shaker Town

Pittsfield, Mass., April 25.—(By A. P.)—Joseph Holden, ranking elder of the Shakers of the United States, died last night. He was eighty-two years old, a native of Shelburne Falls, and had lived in a Shaker community since infancy.

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Lichterman

The Furrier
 137 S. 13th

Discontinuing Sale
 of Our
 Millinery Department

We are closing out our millinery line and we offer 50 exclusive creations at exceeding low prices. There's a richness about them all that cannot be pictured. We urge you to see them.

EL PRODUCTO

MILD, but with a distinctive character produced by a superb blend of the choicest Havana.

You'll enjoy the mellow comfortable, even smoking qualities of El Producto.

Shapes and sizes to suit your taste, beginning with the *Porfiriano Fino* shape at 10 cents straight.

"ESCEPCIONALES" IS THE POPULAR 15 CENT SHAPE

G. H. P. Cigar Co., Phila.

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Buy Now!

And insist that your Dealer gives you

FAMOUS READING ANTHRACITE

All Sizes for Immediate Delivery

Standard for Nearly 100 Years

The Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company

TRIALS BY PEERS, ARMY COURT PLAN

Colonel Ansell Hands Obsolete System Another Constructive Jolt

BAR COMMITTEE IMPRESSED

Washington, April 25.—Trial by jury for men in the United States army who are brought before courts-martial was favorably discussed yesterday by the special committee of the American Bar Association which is investigating the existing military code, and Lieutenant Colonel Samuel T. Ansell, formerly acting judge advocate general and leader of the fight for the revision of the laws governing military justice.

That the committee has given serious consideration to the radical step of giving accused men in the army the right of a trial by jury was indicated by members of the committee who sought Colonel Ansell's opinion on the subject.

The trend of the questions of the committee members showed they are considering three methods of jury trials. One would give privates in the army the right of trial by a jury of privates, non-commissioned officers and commissioned officers. The second would provide a mixed jury of privates or noncommissioned officers and commissioned officers to try the cases of privates and non-commissioned officers. The third would provide a jury composed only of commissioned officers to try all cases.

Colonel Ansell, secretary of the committee, said the committee was considering the advisability of creating the jury system of court-martial with judge advocate general and the representative of the judge advocate general's office sitting as judge.

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"Mr. Hoover says shortly and sharply," the Boersen Zeitung continues, "America has no desire to restrict itself in order that its grain ships may be sunk in the Elbe and its fat kags may disappear through the riot of a few thousand Spartans, or that its potatoes shall run in warehouses because they cannot be transported."

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Berlin, April 24 (delayed).—(By A. P.)—The Munich Spartans have secured the services of six trained military officers as leaders of the Red Guards.

They are Colonels Stauchwager, Langloss and Baron von Zoller, who led brigades during the war; Major Paragun, who joined the majority Socialists after the revolution and led the revolutionary student body of Munich University and worked for the transition of the university into a people's high school; Captain Zuehl, a Bavarian cavalry officer, and the Prince of Wied, a gentleman rider.

WHO IS BERLIN 'HOOVER'?

Berlin, April 25.—(By A. P.)—A message to Germany by Herbert Hoover, director general of the Inter-Allied relief organization, was published in Berlin Tuesday. In it Mr. Hoover warned against a continuation of the strikes and disorders, saying they were endangering a continuation of the food supply.

The message has brought about serious discussion in the German newspapers, which is best reflected by the Boersen Zeitung. This newspaper says that Mr. Hoover's note is an ultimatum to Germany.

"Mr. Hoover says shortly and sharply," the Boersen Zeitung continues, "America has no desire to restrict itself in order that its grain ships may be sunk in the Elbe and its fat kags may disappear through the riot of a few thousand Spartans, or that its potatoes shall run in warehouses because they cannot be transported."

"America has the good will to save all from starvation, provided there is assurance of a state of order in Germany. Otherwise there will be no more supplies. That is Mr. Hoover's ultimatum, which just now for Germany is of equal importance with the peace conditions of the Entente."

The newspaper then criticizes the instigators of the unrest and articles printed in the radical press.

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